

# JavaScript: Somewhere between Functional and OO

**CS 1025 Computer Science Fundamentals I**

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# “Java”Script?

- “Java”Script has nothing to do with Java, except a superficial syntactic similarity.
- It supports *both*
  - functional programming with closures  
(like Scheme)

*and*

  - a kind of object oriented style  
(like Java, but different).

# Where does it come from?

- Originally developed 1995 at Netscape and called *Mocha*.
- Name changes *Mocha* ⇒ *LiveScript* ⇒ *JavaScript*
- Standardized as *ECMAScript* in 1998.

# Where is it Used?

- Some dialects of ECMAScript
  - JavaScript (Netscape) used in browsers, Acrobat
  - JScript (Microsoft) used in browsers
  - ActionScript (Adobe) used in Flash and Flex
  - DMDScript (Digital Mars) used in browsers
- AJAX (2005)
  - “Asynchronous JavaScript And XML”
  - XHTML, CSS, DOM, XML, XSLT, XMLHttpRequest, JavaScript
- Gadgets in iGoogle, FaceBook, MySpace, etc.

# A First Example

```
function fact(n) {  
    return (n < 2) ? 1 : n * fact(n-1);  
}  
  
function adderFactory(n) {  
    return function (m) { return m + n; }  
}  
  
document.write("That number " + fact(6) + " is 6! ");  
var add1 = adderFactory(1);  
var add2 = adderFactory(2);  
var add3 = adderFactory(3);  
document.write("The numbers after 7 are "  
    + add1(7) + " " + add2(7) + " " + add3(7) + ".");
```

# Using JavaScript in a Web Page

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Hello</title>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      function fact(n)          { return (n<2) ? 1 : n*fact(n-1); }
      function adderFactory(n){ return function (m){ return m + n; } }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p>There once was a gnome who liked numbers.</p>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      document.write("That number " + fact(6) + " is 6! ");
      var add1 = adderFactory(1);
      var add2 = adderFactory(2);
      var add3 = adderFactory(3);
      document.write("The numbers after 7 are "
        + add1(7) + " " + add2(7) + " " + add3(7) + ".");
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

# Providing Your Own Library

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Hello</title>
    <script type="text/javascript" src="TestLib.js"></script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p>There once was a gnome who liked numbers.</p>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      document.write("That number " + fact(6) + " is 6! ");
      var add1 = adderFactory(1);
      var add2 = adderFactory(2);
      var add3 = adderFactory(3);
      document.write("The numbers after 7 are "
        + add1(7) + " " + add2(7) + " " + add3(7) + ".");
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

# Modifying the Current Document

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>This is the title</title>
    <script src="Eg03-ModifyLib.js" type="text/javascript"></script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <div id="my-stuff">
      <h1>This is a heading</h1>
      <script type="text/javascript">munge()</script>
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

```
function munge() {
  var mypara = document.createElement("p");
  mypara.innerHTML = "Now is the time.";
  mypara.style.backgroundColor = "lightgrey";

  var mystuff = document.getElementById("my-stuff");
  mystuff.style.backgroundColor = "pink";
  mystuff.appendChild(mypara);
}
```

## Eg03-Modify.js

# Dynamic Behaviour

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>A Clock</title>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      function timeString() {
        var now = new Date();
        var hours = now.getHours();
        var mins = now.getMinutes();
        var secs = now.getSeconds();
        var str = "" + (hours > 12) ? hours - 12 : hours;
        str += ((mins < 10) ? ":0" : ":") + mins;
        str += ((secs < 10) ? ":0" : ":") + secs;
        str += (hours < 12) ? " a.m." : " p.m.";
        return str;
      }
      function tickClock () {
        document.getElementById("clock").innerHTML = timeString();
        setTimeout(tickClock, 1000);
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body onLoad="tickClock()">
    <center>
      <h1>The time is <span id="clock">no time yet</span></h1>
    </center>
  </body>
</html>
```

# Buttons and Colors

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Colours</title>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      function makeRed() {
        document.bgColor = "Red";
      }
      function makeBlue() {
        document.bgColor = "Blue";
      }
      function makeGreen() {
        document.bgColor = "Green";
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <center>
      <h1>Colors!</h1>
      <form>
        <input type="button" value="Red" onclick="makeRed()">
        <input type="button" value="Blue" onclick="makeBlue()">
        <input type="button" value="Green" onclick="makeGreen()">
      </form>
    </center>
  </body>
</html>
```

# Why We Like Closures....

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Colours</title>
    <script type="text/javascript">
      function makeRed() {
        document.bgColor = "Red";
      }
      function makeBlue() {
        document.bgColor = "Blue";
      }
      function makeGreen() {
        document.bgColor = "Green";
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <center>
      <h1>Colors!</h1>
      <form>
        <input type="button" value="Red" onclick="makeRed()">
        <input type="button" value="Blue" onclick="makeBlue()">
        <input type="button" value="Green" onclick="makeGreen()">
      </form>
    </center>
  </body>
</html>
```

# More Ideas

- Organizing larger programs
- Dynamic tables
- Closures – used in a Button factory

```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Colours</title>
    <script type="text/javascript" src="Eg07-StringLib.js"></script>
    <script type="text/javascript" src="Eg07-TableLib.js"></script>
    <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="Eg07-Table.css"></link>
  </head>
  <body onload="makeTable(40,40,tableHolder)">
    <center>
      <h1>Colors!</h1>
      <div id="tableHolder"></div>
    </center>
  </body>
</html>
```

# The First Library

```
var HEX_DIGITS = "0123456789ABCDEF";\n\nfunction intToHex(n) {\n    var loNybble = (n >> 0) % 16;\n    var hiNybble = (n >> 4) % 16;\n    return ""+HEX_DIGITS.charAt(hiNybble)+HEX_DIGITS.charAt(hiNybble);\n}\n\nfunction makeRGB(r, maxr, g, maxg) {\n    var rval = Math.round((255*r)/maxr);\n    var gval = Math.round((255*g)/maxg);\n    var bval = Math.max(0, 255 - (rval+gval));\n    return "#" + intToHex(rval) + intToHex(gval) + intToHex(bval);\n}
```

# The Second Library

```
function setBackground(newcolor) {
    return function() { document.bgColor = newcolor; }
}

function makeTable(nrows, ncols, holder) {
    var theTable = document.createElement("table");
    var theBody = document.createElement("tbody");
    for (r = 0; r < nrows; r++) {
        var theRow = document.createElement("tr");
        for (c = 0; c < ncols; c++) {
            var colorString = makeRGB(r, nrows-1, c, ncols-1);
            var theCell = document.createElement("td");
            theCell.bgColor = colorString;
            theCell.onmouseover = setBackground(colorString);
            theRow.appendChild(theCell);
        }
        theBody.appendChild(theRow);
    }
    theTable.appendChild(theBody);
    holder.appendChild(theTable);
}
```

# Some CSS Styling

```
td {  
    height: 6pt;  
    width: 6pt  
}  
  
table {  
    border-spacing: 3pt  
}
```

